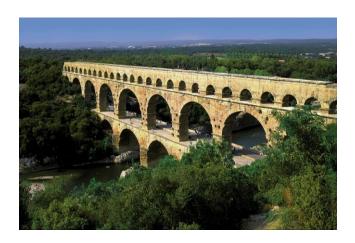




# **Provence by Rail**











#### **Passports**

You may need to renew your British Passport if you are travelling to an EU country. Please ensure your passport is less than 10 years old (even if it has 6 months or more left on it) and has at least 6 months validity remaining from the date of travel.

For more information, please visit: <u>passport</u> <u>checker</u>

#### **Visas**

You do not need a visa for short trips to France. For all other passport holders please check the visa requirements with the appropriate embassy.

For further information, please check here:  $\underline{\text{travel}}$   $\underline{\text{to the EU}}$ 

French consulate: PO Box 57, 6A Cromwell Place,

London SW7 2EW; Tel (020) 7838 2000/1. Information Service: Tel (0891) 887 733 Fax: (020) 7838 2046

Opening hours: 0900-1130 (and 1600-1630 for visa collection only) Mon-Fri (except British and French national holidays).



The tour manager will distribute Eurostar tickets at St Pancras. Please meet at the statue underneath the big clock on the first floor 1% - 2 hours prior to departure time.

Please take care not to lose your tickets and please check that the details on your tickets are accurate. Your ticket is non-transferable and non-refundable. No refund can be given for non-used portions.

A light meal will be served to passengers travelling Standard Premier on Eurostar. Standard class Eurostar tickets do not include any food or drink on board, although there is a buffet car serving drinks and snacks.

TGV tickets do not include any food or drink on board, although a buffet car is available.

#### **Train Seats**

On all legs of the journey, you have reserved seat and carriage numbers which are shown clearly on your ticket.



# Baggage

As with most trains, passengers are responsible for carrying baggage onto and off the train. Baggage can be stored on overhead shelves or at the entrance to the carriages. Trollies are available at St Pancras, but bags do need to be carried on to the platform. Porters are sometimes but not always available at St Pancras.

Travel Editions recommends a luggage delivery service called **thebaggageman**, where your suitcase can be picked up from your home before departure and delivered straight to your hotel; therefore removing the worry about carrying your cases onto and off the trains.

For further information: www.thebaggageman.com

#### **Border Control**

At border control, you may need to show a return or onward ticket, show you have enough money for your stay, use separate lanes from EU, EEA and Swiss citizens when queuing.

#### **Transfers**

On arrival, transfer by coach to your hotel – the Avignon Grand.

## **Special Requests**

If you haven't already, please notify Travel Editions of any special requests as soon as possible to allow sufficient time to make the necessary arrangements.

## **Taking food into EU countries**

You are not able to take meat, milk or any products containing them into EU countries.



# **Avignon Grand**

The superior four-star Avignon Grand Hotel is located directly opposite the old city walls and a 10-minute walk to the main square. All rooms are spacious and equipped with modern facilities, including private bath/shower, hairdryer, TV, telephone, safe, coffee/tea making facilities and wifi. You are also welcome to use the outdoor swimming pool.

The Avignon Grand does not offer a restaurant for individual guests, but a room service menu is available as well as many excellent restaurants nearby.

For more information visit their website: <a href="http://www.avignon-grand-hotel.com/en/">http://www.avignon-grand-hotel.com/en/</a>



#### Food

Colourful red and yellow peppers, glorious tomatoes, aubergines, fresh fish, Provencal herbs (basil, thyme, rosemary, sage, marjoram), olives and olive oil, citrus fruits ripened in the Mediterranean sunshine form the basis of the Provencal cuisine.

Traditional dishes of the region include *Ratatouille* (stew of courgettes, tomatoes, red and green peppers and aubergines braised with garlic, olive oil and *Herbes de Provence*), *Bouillabaisse* (fish soup), *Soupe au Pistou* (vegetable and bean soup with fresh basil), *Pissaladière* (golden onion, anchovy and olive pizza), *Daube Provençale* (classic French beef stew), *Aïoli* (garlic mayonnaise generally accompanies fish, vegetables or crusty bread) and *tapenade* (luscious Provençal paste made with olives, olive oil, anchovies, capers and garlic).

Enjoy the traditional Provençal sweets, such as *Tarte aux fruits*, *Calisson* (made from a paste of ground almonds, candied melon and orange peel, covered with bright royal icing) and *Nougat*. Coffee is served after the meal and will be black, in small cups, unless a *café au lait* (or *crème*) is requested. A typically Provençal apéritif drink is *Pastis* (such as Ricard), an aniseed liqueur.

Almost all restaurants offer two types of meals: *a la carte* (extensive choice for each course, generally more expensive) and *le menu* (a set meal at a fixed price).

The bill (*l'addition*) will not be presented until it is asked for, even if clients sit and talk for half an hour after finishing their meal. Usually, a discretionary service charge is added to your bill in restaurants and bars, and no further tipping is required.

Generally speaking, mealtimes in France are strictly observed. Lunch is as a rule served from noon to 1330, dinner usually from 2000-2130, but the larger the city, the later the dining hour.

#### **Drink**

Wine is by far the most popular alcoholic beverage in France, and the choice will vary according to region. Provence is best known for its rosé wine; the pink wines of Massalia (today's Marseille) were already famous in Roman times. Côtes de Provence AOC is the main wine region, producing about 75% of all wine in Provence, of which 80% is rosé.

In elegant restaurants the wine list will be separate from the main menu, but in less opulent establishments will be printed on the back or along the side of the *carte*. The waiter will usually be glad to advise an appropriate choice. If in doubt, try the house wine; this will usually be less expensive and will always be the owner's pride.

Meals included in the price of your holiday are:

**Breakfast** – daily



# **Destination**

"I am now in the land of corn, wine, oil, and sunshine. What more can man ask of heaven?" Like many others, Thomas Jefferson was seduced by the stunning landscapes of Provence. One of the most alluring regions of France, Provence conjures up images, immortalised in countless films and books, of sleepy villages, stunning scenery, rich vineyards, fragrant olive and peach groves, boules, rustic cuisine and robust wines. It is also a region that boasts some of the best-preserved Roman sights in the world and beautiful cities with world class museums, galleries and restaurants.

#### During your trip you will visit:

#### **Avignon**

Our base is the cultural heart of the Provence region, Avignon, a beautiful and fascinating city. Surrounded by massive ramparts the old town is dominated by the immense (48,000 square feet) and imposing Palais des Papes, headquarters of the Catholic Church from 1309 to 1377. The building's heavy fortification reflects the violent nature of 14th Century religious life, whilst its luxurious trappings were either looted or destroyed during the Revolution of 1789. Nonetheless there is a lot to see here including the Grand Tinel tapestries, the Stag Room, the Consistory Hall, Benedict XI's Cloister and Grand Chapel. Other major sights of the city include the famous incomplete Pont St Bénezet, partially destroyed by floods in 1668, that lends its name to the famous song "Sur le Pont d'Avignon", Petit Palais, built for Cardinal Béranger Frédol between 1318 and 1320, the Rocher des Dom, site of Avignon's earliest settlement, several churches including the Notre-Dame Cathedral, the Musée Calvet (15th-20th century art and archaeology), the Musée Angladon (18th-20th century art) and the lively heart of the city, Place D'Horloge.

Heading away from the touristy Place d'Horloge, you will find delightful small side streets filled with excellent restaurants and cafés.

For more information about Avignon please visit: http://www.avignon-tourisme.com/home-1-2.html

#### Aix-en-Provence

Known as the city of a thousand fountains, the former capital of Provence, Aix, is a lovely spa town

with a host of classical mansions, elegant boulevards and beautiful paved squares. The city's most famous son is Paul Cézanne, whose studio is preserved exactly as he left it when he died in 1906. Other sights include the *Cathedral of St Sauveur*, noted for Froment's "Triptych of the Burning Bush" and several museums, including the *Musée Granet* of fine art and archaeology and the *Tapestry Museum*. It is a wonderful place to linger, too, at an outdoor café, particularly one of many along the elegant tree-lined *Cours Mirabeau*.

For more information about Aix-en-Provence please visit: <a href="http://www.aixenprovencetourism.com/en/">http://www.aixenprovencetourism.com/en/</a>

#### Uzès

A charming medieval hilltop town, Uzès' narrow cobbled streets are wonderfully atmospheric and perfect for strolling, browsing or stopping at a leisurely café. We will see Uzès on market day - with over 200 stalls selling pottery, flowers, linens, jewellery and *produits du terroir*, the bustling traditional market is well worth a visit. One of the many shaded squares, the *Place aux Herbes*, hosts this lively and popular market. Other sights include the *ducal palace*, residence of the ducal Crussol family, and the 12<sup>th</sup> century *Fenestrelle Tower*, whose cylindrical steeple is the only remnant of the former Romanesque cathedral *Saint-Théodorit*, destroyed in 1563 by the Protestants.

For more information about Uzès please visit: https://francetoday.com/travel/the-delights-of-uzes-in-the-south-of-france/

#### Pont du Gard

The three-tiered Roman *Pont du Gard* aqueduct dates from around 19 BC and spans the Gardon Valley. Amazingly preserved, this hugely impressive 158-foot high structure served as aqueduct and general crossing, and is a remarkable symbol of the Romans' engineering capabilities. Indeed, the highest bridge they ever built; it was considered by the Romans as the best testimony to the greatness of their Empire.

For more information about Pont du Gard please visit: <a href="http://www.pontdugard.fr/en">http://www.pontdugard.fr/en</a>

#### **Orange**

Orange contains two of the finest Roman monuments in Europe; the *Theatre Antique d'Orange* and the *Arc de Triomphe*, which was built to celebrate Caesar's victory over the Gauls. The old town is also worth exploring with its 17<sup>th</sup> Century *Hotel de Ville*, *Notre Dame Cathedral*, and peaceful, shady squares overlooked by terrace cafes.

For more information about Orange please visit: <a href="https://www.francethisway.com/places/orange.php">https://www.francethisway.com/places/orange.php</a>

# Châteauneuf-du-Pape

In the 14<sup>th</sup> century, the Popes of Avignon decided to build a new castle (*Château neuf*) and plant the vineyards that have since produced one of the finest Côtes-du-Rhône red wines, famous throughout the world. This attractive village is full of wine merchants offering tastings and sales.

#### **The Luberon National Park**

This regional nature park is one of the most appealing areas of Provence with limestone cliffs, river-hewn gorges, rugged peaks and rustic villages, such as the perched village of *Gordes* with its 16<sup>th</sup> Century Castle. This is the area that inspired Peter Mayle's 'A Year in Provence'.

For more information about the Luberon please visit: <a href="http://www.theluberon.com/">http://www.theluberon.com/</a>

#### **Arles**

Another town with a strong Roman history, with a well-preserved *Arena* offering lovely views of the town from its top tier, *Constantine Baths* and a *Roman Theatre*. This beautiful Provencal town also hosts the lovely 12<sup>th</sup> Century *Church of Saint-Trophime* with its peaceful cloisters. Artists such as Van Gogh and Gauguin drew their inspiration from the stunning views of the surrounding countryside.

For more information about Arles please visit: http://www.arlestourisme.com/home.html

#### Camargue

A protected area of outstanding natural beauty; the marshy 75,000-hectare expanse of the Camargue is a wilderness of enormous interest. It is a nature lover's paradise with wild horses, migrant flamingos and a host of other birds often visible.

For more information about the Camargue please visit : <a href="https://about-france.com/tourism/camarque.htm">https://about-france.com/tourism/camarque.htm</a>

# Les Baux-de-Provence & Les Alpilles

The ancient, ruined citadel of Les Baux-de-Provence clings to one of the highest ridges of the spectacular Alpilles, an area of limestone crags south of the pretty village of St Remy. The village is divided into two: the bustling inhabited lower village of elegant Renaissance houses and cobbled streets and the deserted "Ville Morte" above, its ruined buildings hardly distinguishable from the limestone crags.

For more information about Les Baux-de-Provence please visit: http://www.lesbauxdeprovence.com/en

## **Reading Suggestions**

#### Graham Robb, The Discovery of France.

A general introduction to French culture, landscape and history, it also features an excellent insight into the distinctive character of France's regions.

# Bernard Levin, From the Camargue to the Alps: A Walk Across France in Hannibal's footsteps.

As the title suggests, English journalist Bernard Levin follows the Carthaginian military commander's path across France to Italy, describing history, landscape and culture on his way.

#### Peter Mayle, A year in Provence.

An entertaining account of the author's life as an expatriate in Provence and his take on the locals and their customs.

# Lady Winifred Fortescue, *Perfume from Provence*, 1935.

This bestseller related the everyday life in a village in Provence during the inter-war period.

#### F Scott Fitzgerald, Tender is the Night.

Fitzgerald's famous novel is set in the glamour and extravagance of the 1920s French Riviera.

#### **Tour manager**

Your tour manager will be on hand throughout the tour to ensure that everything operated according to plan. If you have any problems or questions please see him or her immediately – it is often possible to resolve complaints or problems very quickly on the spot, and do everything to help you enjoy your holiday.

#### Grading

This tour has been graded as **Moderate**: Walking between sites, lots of standing for viewings

# The Basics

Climate – The weather in Provence at this time of year is likely to be pleasant, but there is the chance of the odd shower. Our best advice is to come prepared.



Time – GMT +2 hours (Summer time Apr-Oct); GMT + 1 (Standard time Nov-Mar).

Language – French. Religion – Roman Catholic.

National holidays — New Year's day (01 Jan); Easter Monday; Labour day (01 May); Victory in Europe day (08 May); Ascension day; Whit Sunday; Whit Monday; National day (14 Jul); Assumption of Mary (15 Aug); All Saints' day (01 Nov); Armistice day (11 Nov); Christmas day (25 Dec).

Currency - Euro. €1 = 100 cents. Notes are in denominations of €500, 200, 100, 50, 20, 10 and 5. Coins are in denominations of €2 and 1, and 50, 20, 10, 5, 2 and 1 cents.

Banks – Cashpoints compatible with international banking networks are located in all towns and cities, as well as airports, major train stations and other spots. They usually offer an attractive exchange rate. Those banks that still exchange foreign currencies into local money will always charge a transaction fee, so withdrawing money from an ATM usually represents the most logical means of obtaining euros.

Credit cards — American Express, Diners Club, MasterCard and Visa are widely accepted across the country. If you're eating at a restaurant, check prior to the meal that your card will be an acceptable form of payment. Even in cities, it's advisable to carry a supply of cash with you at all times. Varying amounts of commission can be charged.

Electricity – 220 volt, two-pin continental plug.

Drinking water – Tap water is safe to drink. (Although you'll find a huge amount of bottled water for sale too)

Shops and museums – Avignon and Aix-en-Provence have a wide variety of shops. Villages have small boutiques and beautiful markets.

Department stores are open 0900-1830 Monday to Saturday. Most shops are closed between 1200-1430. Some food shops (particularly bakers) are open Sunday mornings, in which case they will probably close Monday. Many shops close all day or half-day Monday.

Please note that most museums are closed on Mondays.

Clothes & Shoes –You may like to bring a warm sweater for cool evenings. Light rain wear for the occasional storm and good grip/flat walking shoes are recommended.

Camera – bring plenty of memory cards/film and any spare camera batteries as these are not always available. Please check with your guide before photographing people.

Bath plugs – The hotel has plugs for basins, but it is useful to carry a 'universal' one with you.

Telephones/mobiles — You should be able to use your mobile phone in France, depending on your operator and contract.

Tipping —To keep our tours affordable, we do not increase the tour price by adding in tips. However, in the tourism industry, there is a certain level of expectation that when receiving a good service, one does award with a tip. Tour Managers, Representatives, Guides and Drivers appreciate a tip at the end of their involvement with the tour, but this is entirely at your discretion. We believe in allowing you to tip according to your level of satisfaction with their services, but for your guidance about £2-3 per person per day for the tour manager is the norm. We would like to reiterate that tipping is an entirely optional payment and this information is given purely to answer any questions you may have about it.



# **Doctor/Dentist/Chemist**

Please talk to your tour manager if you are feeling unwell and they will organise for you to see a doctor.

Keep receipts for insurance claims.



Your tour manager/hotel reception will arrange hospital transport.

Keep receipts for insurance claims.

#### **General Health Advice**

We suggest you take a good supply of your own individual medicines with you and always keep some in your hand luggage in case you get delayed or your luggage goes astray. General-purpose supplies for bites, stings, or scratches, and your usual medication for headaches, or stomach upsets are always recommended. Oral rehydration sachets are excellent for topping up salt and glucose levels.

Visit the NHS Fit For Travel website for more generally information specific to the country you are visiting – www.fitfortravel.nhs.uk

#### **Sun Protection**

Always ensure you take sufficient sun protection and moisturiser. A sun hat and sunglasses are also advisable.

#### **Inoculations**

You should check with your own doctor and take their advice as to which inoculations are required for the country you are visiting, as only they know your medical history and recommendations are liable to change at short notice.



To be covered under your Travel Insurance Policy, if you become ill, it is essential that you contact a local doctor and also telephone the emergency number of you insurance company. You will **NOT** be covered for any claim unless this procedure is carried out. Your insurance company will then decide on the best course of medical attention.

# **Global Health Insurance Card (GHIC)**

Before you travel, make sure you've got a valid European Health Insurance Card (EHIC) or UK Global Health Insurance Card (GHIC) or travel insurance with health cover.

You may not have access to free emergency medical treatment and could be charged for your healthcare if you do not have an EHIC or GHIC when visiting an EU country, or travel insurance with full healthcare cover when visiting Switzerland, Norway, Iceland or Liechtenstein. If you have an EHIC it will still be valid while it remains in date. Your European Health Insurance Card (EHIC) or Global Health Insurance Card (GHIC) will be valid if you are travelling to an EU country.

For further information about the GHIC please visit:

https://www.nhs.uk/using-the-nhs/healthcareabroad/apply-for-a-free-uk-global-healthinsurance-card-ghic/



# Should an emergency arise, please call our offices on:

00 44 20 7251 0045

Outside office hours (Mon-Fri 0900-1700), telephone our emergency staff on: 00 44 7899 796542 or 00 44 7831 133079

#### PLEASE USE THESE NUMBERS ONLY IN THE EVENT OF A GENUINE EMERGENCY.

If you find that you are in need of consular assistance during your holiday:

British Consulate Marseille
24 avenue du Prado
13006 Marseille
France
+33 (0)4 91 15 72 10
Marseilleconsular.marseille@fco.gov.uk

Mon, Wed and Fri: 0900 to 1230. Outside these hours a consular Emergency Service is in operation and can be contacted on +33 (0)4 91 15 72 10

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Email: tours@traveleditions.co.uk www.traveleditions.co.uk

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